

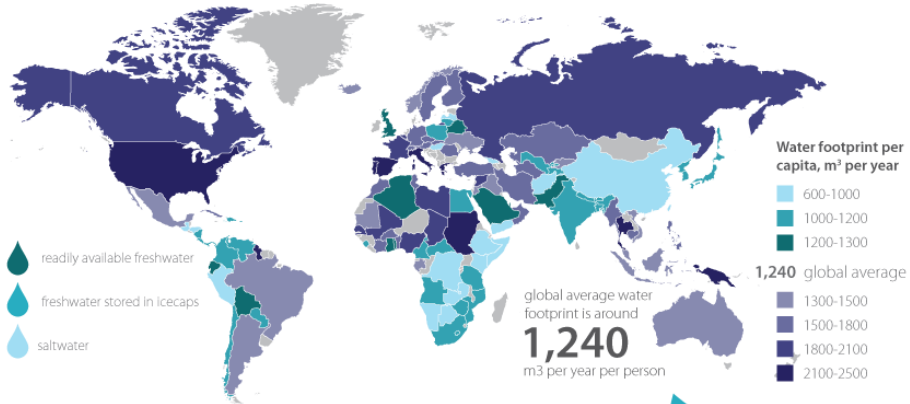
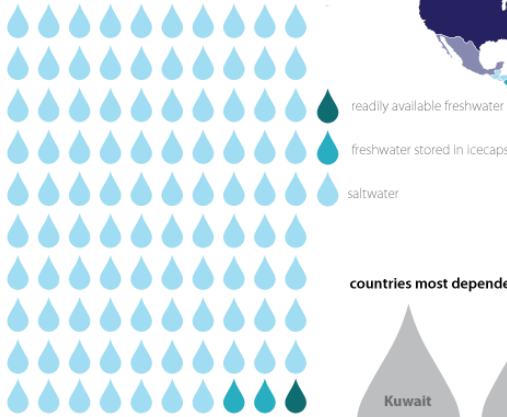
IGCSE Geography - Water Usage Around the World

the global water footprint

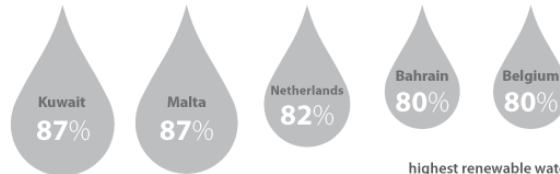


The 'water footprint' of a country is defined as the volume of water needed for the production of goods and services consumed by the inhabitants of the country.

amount of freshwater available

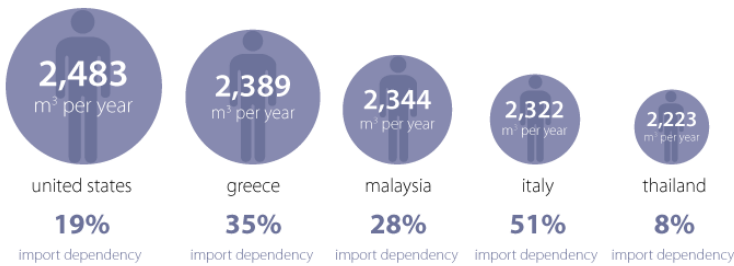


countries most dependent on water imports

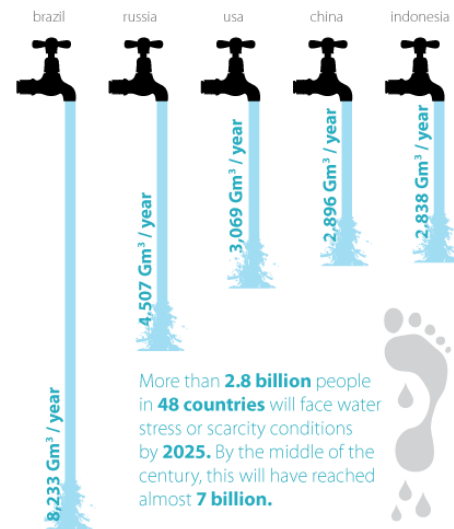


70%
of existing freshwater is withdrawn for irrigation in agriculture

the highest water footprints per capita



highest renewable water resources



water footprint of different foods



Source: WaterFootprint.org and WWF

Physical Water Scarcity is

Economic Water Scarcity is

Name here

Task 2 - Using the infographic above, complete the following IGCSE Geography Paper 1 examination questions:

a. Define 'Water Footprint'

b. Describe the distribution of countries with above global average water footprints.

c. Why is Kuwait the most dependent country on earth for water imports?

d. Explain why a typical USA citizen has such a high Water Footprint and give examples

e. Explain why chocolate has such a high Water Footprint (link to farming - inputs - processes - outputs)

f. Explain why Brazil has the highest renewable water resources in the world